



# Getting a Great Sound


## 1. Using the Voice Section

1. Turn the power switch to NORMAL.
2. Choose the voice you want to play from the voice section on the panel, and press the button.
3. Play the keyboard, and the sound you have selected will be produced.

- \* When the power is turned ON, the clarinet voice is automatically selected.
- \* You can play up to 6 notes at a time. If you press 7 keys, the first key that you pressed will no longer sound.
- \* A click sound confirms the operation of the switches.

## 3. Using the Rhythm Section

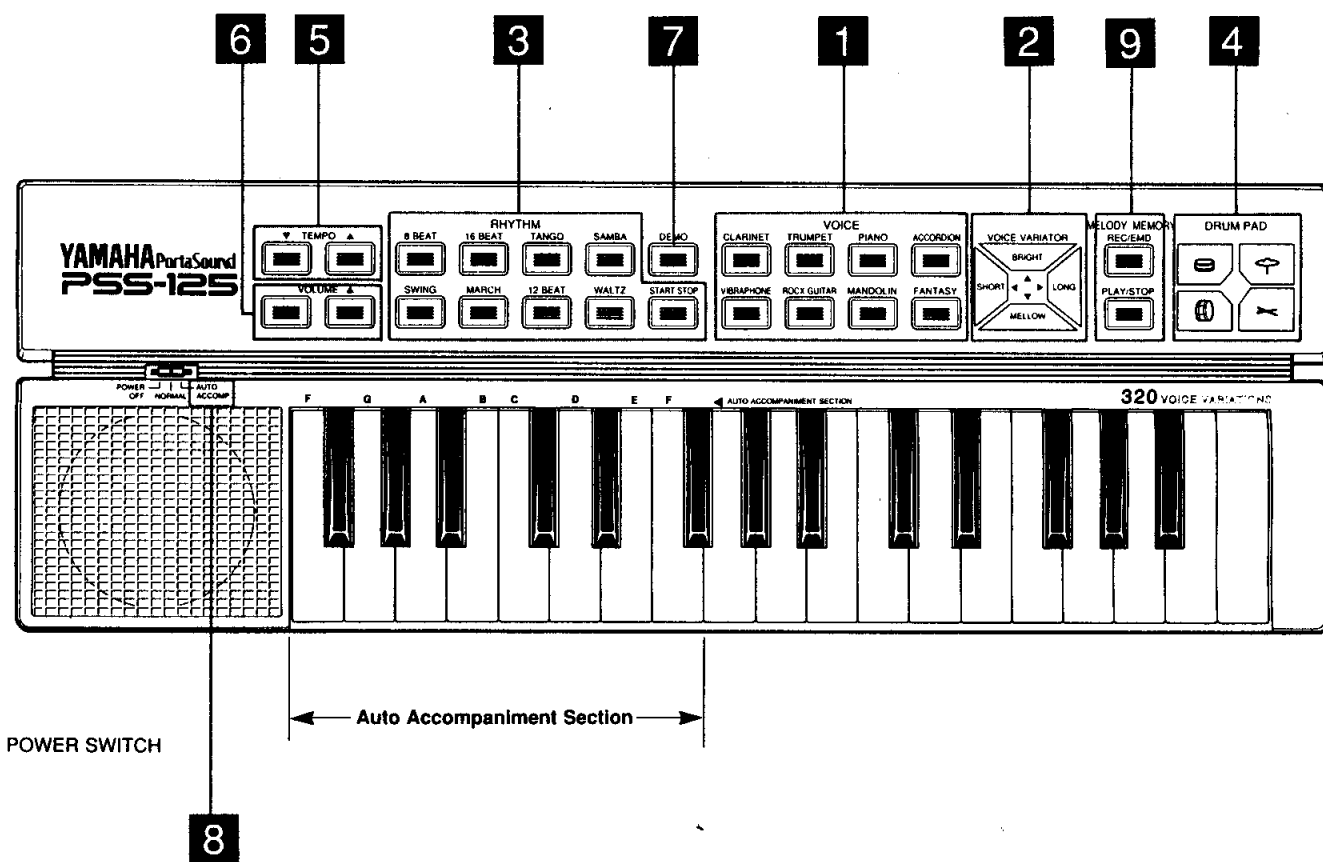
1. Pick a rhythm from the rhythm section on the panel, and press the button.

2. Press the  button to start the rhythm.

You can play the music, accompanied by the selected rhythm.

3. Press the  button again to stop the rhythm.

- \* When the power is turned on, the 8 beat rhythm is automatically selected.



## 2. Using the Voice Variator Controls

You can change the tone of the voice through 4 variator controls.

- \* Voice brightness has 8 variations, and voice length has 5 variations.


Pressing **SHORT** makes the voice length shorter.  
Pressing **LONG** makes the voice length longer.  
Pressing **BRIGHT** makes the voice bright.  
Pressing **MELLOW** makes the voice mellow.


- \* When you press the Voice Variator buttons, a click sound will be heard as long as the variation is effective.
- \* To return to the preset setting,
  - Press the **LONG** and **SHORT** buttons at the same time.
  - Press the **BRIGHT** and **MELLOW** buttons at the same time.
  - Or press any button in the voice section.


## 4. Using the Drum Pad Section


You can add drum sounds to the music you are playing or you have recorded, or to the demo songs.

The Drum Pad Section is on the right end on the panel.

Press  for a Bass Drum sound.

Press  for a Snare Drum sound.

Press  for a Claves sound.


Press  for a Cymbal sound.


- \* Drum sounds cannot be recorded.
- \* When playing the drum pads, only two will sound at one time.



# From your PortaSound

## 5. Using the Tempo Controls

Use the tempo controls to adjust the speed of the rhythm. The tempo can be changed in 16 steps.

Press  to increase the tempo.

Press  to decrease the tempo.


\* To return the tempo to the preset setting, press the  and  buttons together.


\* A tempo of  $\text{♩} = 125$  will be set when the power is turned on.

## 6. Using the Volume Controls



Use the volume controls to adjust the level of the volume.

The level can be changed in 5 steps.


Press  to increase the volume.


Press  to decrease the volume.

\* The volume is set to just below maximum when the power is turned on.

\* To return the level of the volume to the preset setting, press the  and  buttons together.

## 7. Playing Back the Demonstration Songs

Press the  button to play the demonstration songs.

\* To stop the demonstration songs, press the  button again.

## 8. Using The Auto Accompaniment

The auto accompaniment feature makes it easy to produce an accompaniment by pressing a few keys in the Auto Accompaniment section of the keyboard.

1. Turn the power switch to AUTO ACCOMP.

2. Select the voice and rhythm.

3. Press any key in the range of the auto accompaniment section, and the auto accompaniment and rhythm will start automatically.

4. Play the melody with your right hand, accompanied by chords and rhythm produced from the auto accompaniment keys played by your left hand.

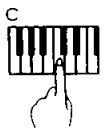
\* You can play up to 2 melody notes in the auto accompaniment mode. If you press 3 keys, the first key that you pressed will no longer sound. If you press a "C" key, for example, a C-major accompaniment will be played. Press another key in the auto accompaniment section to select a new chord. The highest key you press will always determine the "root" of the chord played (e.g. "C" for a C chord).

Playing Minor, Seventh, and Minor-seventh Chords

\* For a minor chord, press the root key and any black key to its left.

\* For a seventh chord, press the root key and any white key to its left.

\* For a minor-seventh chord, press the root key and both any white and black keys to its left.



## 9. Using the Melody Memory


You can record a melody and then play a different harmony in a different voice, accompanied by your recorded melody.

e.g. Playing "Aura Lee"

1. Turn the power switch to NORMAL.

2. Select the trumpet voice by pressing the button in the voice section.


3. Select the 8 beat rhythm by pressing the button in the rhythm section.

4. Press the  button, and the metronome will sound. This



means that the unit is ready for recording.

5. When you press any key, recording will start.



6. After performing, press the  to stop recording.

7. Press the  button to play back.

8. Press the  or  button to stop.

e.g. Playing a harmony over the "Aura Lee" you have just recorded.

9. Turn the power switch to AUTO ACCOMP.

10. Select the accordion voice.

11. Press the , and while listening to the recorded music, play

the following harmony with your right hand and the auto accompaniment chords with your left hand.



\* You can only record one note at a time in Melody Memory mode, and up to 53 notes can be recorded.

\* When recording in Melody Memory mode, AUTO ACCOMPANIMENT will not be recorded.

\* When playing a harmony, accompanied by the recorded melody, up to 5 notes will be produced in the NORMAL mode, and one note in the AUTO ACCOMPANIMENT mode.

\* The recorded music will be cleared when the power is turned off.

# Try playing "Red River Valley" and "I've been working on the railroad".

## "RED RIVER VALLEY"

Rhythm : 8 Beat  
TEMPO "▼" 2 Times

Musical notation for "Red River Valley" in G major, 4/4 time. The piece consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts with a C chord. The second staff has a G7 chord. The third staff has an F chord. The fourth staff has a G7 chord and ends with a C chord. The melody is simple and consists of eighth and quarter notes.

## "I'VE BEEN WORKING ON THE RAILROAD"

Rhythm : March  
TEMPO "▼" 1 Time

Musical notation for "I've been working on the railroad" in G major, 4/4 time. The piece consists of four staves of music. The first staff has G, C, and G chords. The second staff has G, A7, and D7 chords. The third staff has D7, G, C, and B chords. The fourth staff has C, G, D7, and G chords. The melody is more rhythmic, featuring eighth and sixteenth notes.

## Troubleshooting

Symptoms	Remedies
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* The volume decreases without pressing the volume control button.</li> <li>* The voices sound intermittently.</li> <li>* Only a few notes can be heard, even if you press many keys at a time.</li> <li>* Your performance is not played back as you recorded it.</li> <li>* No click sound is heard when pressing the buttons.</li> </ul>	<p>Replace the batteries with new ones.</p> <p>The PSS-125 can produce 6 notes at a time in the normal mode. In the auto accompaniment mode, it can produce 2 notes, and 5 notes when playing back the music recorded in the melody memory. Therefore, the first tone sounded will not sound any more when keys exceeding the maximum number are pressed.</p> <p>&lt;1&gt; When recording in a sixteenth-note rhythm style, you cannot record triplets. When recording in a triplet-rhythm style, you cannot record sixteenth notes.</p> <p>&lt;2&gt; You cannot record notes shorter than a sixteenth note (semiquaver) in a sixteenth-note style. You cannot record notes shorter than eighth-note triplet (triplet quaver) in a triplets style.</p> <p>A click sound is heard only when the buttons are effective. For example, no click sound will be heard when the volume is already set to the maximum.</p>